



**Technical and Test Institute  
for Construction Prague**

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## European Technical Assessment

**ETA 15/0051  
of 09/02/2015**

**Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA:** Technical and Test Institute  
for Construction Prague

**Trade name of the construction product**

Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter  
steel bonded anchor

**Product family to which the construction  
product belongs**

Product area code: 33  
Bonded injection type anchor for use in  
cracked and non-cracked concrete

**Manufacturer**

Profix AG  
Hammerstrasse 21  
CH-4410 Liestal  
Switzerland

**Manufacturing plant**

Plant 1

**This European Technical Assessment  
contains**

22 pages including 18 Annexes which form  
an integral part of this assessment.

**This European Technical Assessment is  
issued in accordance with regulation  
(EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of**

ETAG 001-Part 1 and Part 5, edition 2013,  
used as European Assessment Document  
(EAD)

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

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## 1. Technical description of the product

The Profix PIT and Profix PIT-Winter (faster curing time) with steel elements is bonded anchor (injection type).

Steel elements can be galvanized or stainless steel threaded rod or rebar.

Steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar. The steel element is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete. The anchor is intended to be used with embedment depth from 8 diameters to 20 diameters.

The illustration and the description of the product are given in Annex A.

## 2. Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

## 3. Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - threaded rod	See Annex C 1
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - rebar	See Annex C 2
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - threaded rod	See Annex C 3
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - rebar	See Annex C 4
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - threaded rod	See Annex C 5
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - rebar	See Annex C 6
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - threaded rod	See Annex C 7
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - rebar	See Annex C 8
Displacement for threaded rod	See Annex C 9
Displacement for rebar	See Annex C 10

### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorage satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	No performance determined

### 3.3 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances contained in this European Technical Assessment, there may be requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

### 3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

For basic requirement safety in use the same criteria are valid as for Basic Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.

### 3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

Not relevant.

### 3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

Not relevant.

### 3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

For the sustainable use of natural resources no performance was determined for this product.

### 3.8 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and serviceability are only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B 1 are kept.

## 4. Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied with reference to its legal base

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission<sup>1</sup> the system of assessment verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table apply.

Product	Intended use	Level or class	System
Metal anchors for use in concrete	For fixing and/or supporting to concrete, structural elements (which contributes to the stability of the works) or heavy units	-	1

## 5. Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided in the applicable EAD

### 5.1 Tasks of the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European Technical Assessment.

The manufacturer may only use raw materials stated in the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is a part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague.<sup>2</sup> The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is notified for the tasks referred to in section 4 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 5.2. For this purpose, the control plan referred to in this section and section 5.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the notified body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of performance, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment.

<sup>1</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

<sup>2</sup> The control plan is a confidential part of the documentation of the European Technical Assessment, but not published together with the ETA and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of AVCP.

## **5.2 Tasks of the notified bodies**

The notified body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The notified certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an certificate of constancy of performance of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment.

In cases where the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the notified body shall withdraw the certificate of constancy of performance and inform Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague without delay.

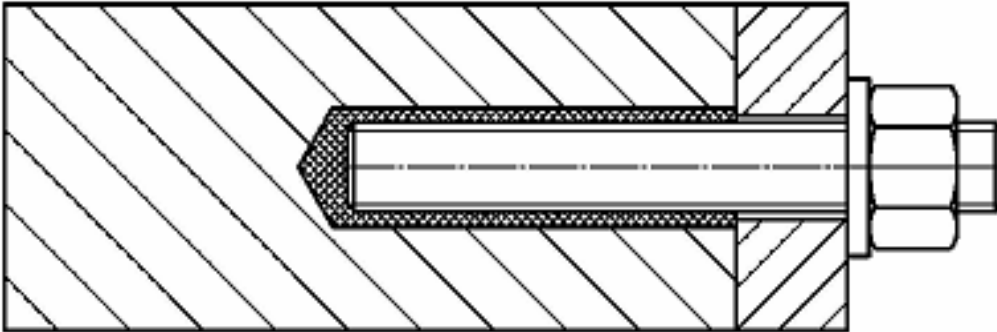
Issued in Prague on 09.02.2015

By

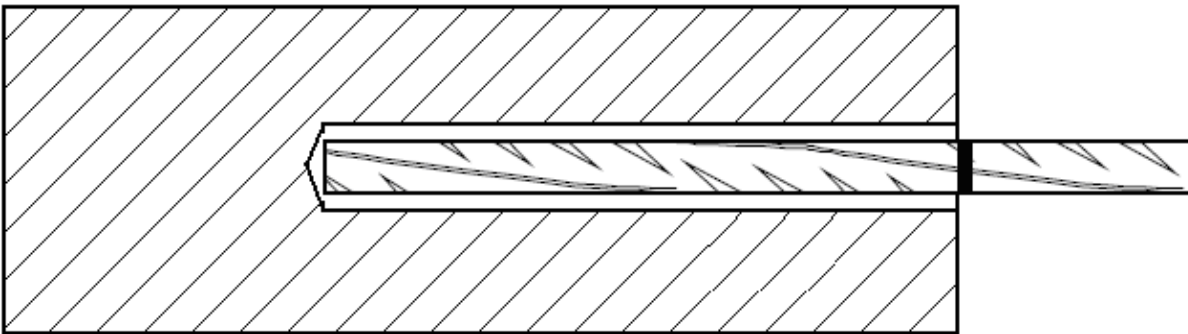
**Ing. Mária Schaan**

Head of the Technical Assessment Body

**Threaded rod**



**Reinforcing bar**



**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Product description**  
Installed conditions

**Annex A 1**

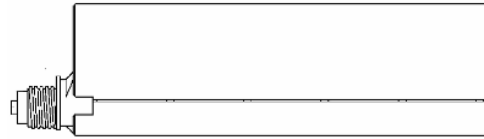
**Coaxial cartridge**

Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 150	150 ml
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 380	380 ml
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 400	400 ml
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 410	410 ml



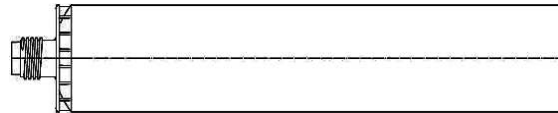
**Side by side cartridge**

Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 350	350 ml
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 825	825 ml



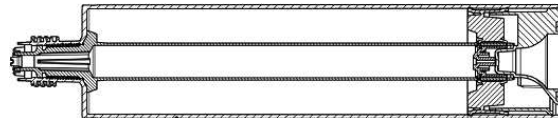
**Two part foil in a single piston component cartridge**

Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 170	170 ml
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 300	300 ml
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 550	550 ml
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 850	850 ml



**Peeler cartridge**

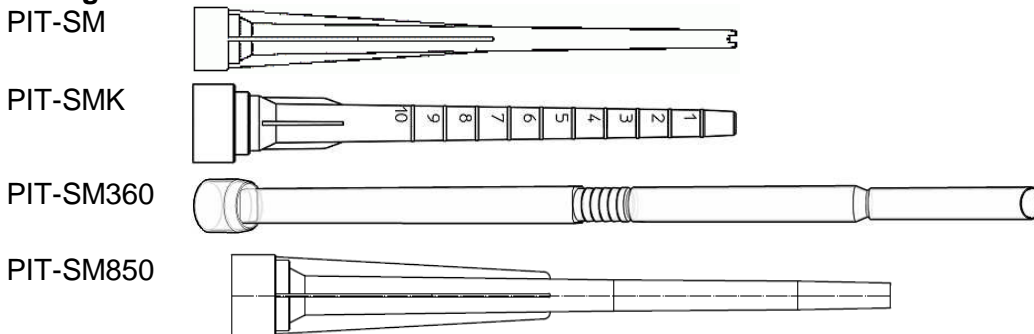
Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter 280	280 ml
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**Marking of the mortar cartridges**

Identifying mark of the producer, Trade name, Charge code number, Storage life, Curing and processing time

**Mixing nozzle**

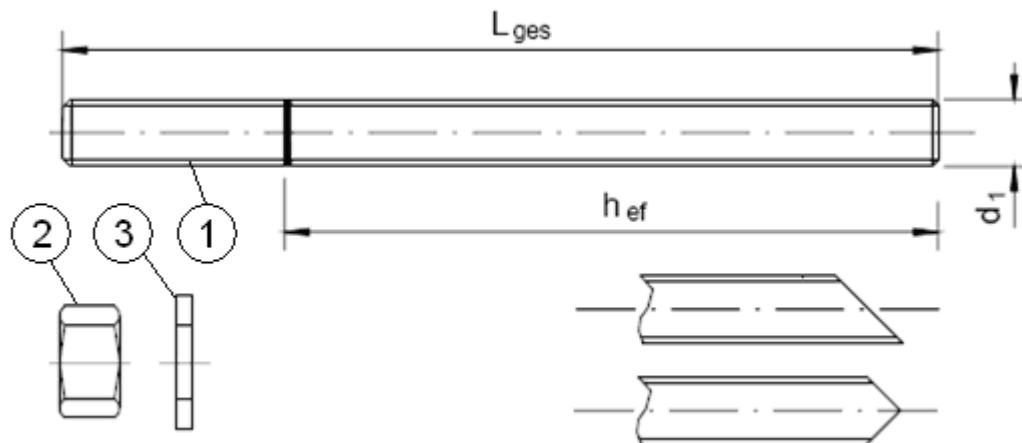


**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Product description**  
Injection system

**Annex A 2**

## Threaded rod M8, M10, M12, M16, M20, M24, M27, M30



Standard commercial threaded rod with marked embedment depth

Part	Designation	Material
<b>Steel, zinc plated <math>\geq 5 \mu\text{m}</math> acc. to EN ISO 4042 or Steel, Hot-dip galvanized <math>\geq 40 \mu\text{m}</math> acc. to EN ISO 1461 and EN ISO 10684</b>		
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 4.6, 5.8, 8.8, 10.9* EN ISO 898-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod, EN 20898-2
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
<b>Stainless steel</b>		
1	Anchor rod	Material: A4-70, A4-80, EN ISO 3506
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
<b>High corrosion resistant steel 1.4529</b>		
1	Anchor rod	Material: 1.4529, EN 10088-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod

\*Galvanized rod of high strength are sensitive to hydrogen induced brittle failure

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Product description**

Threaded rod and materials

**Annex A 3**

Rebar Ø8, Ø10, Ø12, Ø16, Ø20, Ø25, Ø32



Standard commercial reinforcing bar with marked embedment depth

Product form		Bars and de-coiled rods	
Class		B	C
Characteristic yield strength $f_{yk}$ or $f_{0,2k}$ (MPa)		400 to 600	
Minimum value of $k = (f_t/f_y)_k$		$\geq 1,08$	$\geq 1,15$ < 1,35
Characteristic strain at maximum force $\epsilon_{uk}$ (%)		$\geq 5,0$	$\geq 7,5$
Bendability		Bend/Rebend test	
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%)	Nominal bar size (mm) $\leq 8$	$\pm 6,0$	
	$> 8$	$\pm 4,5$	
Bond: Minimum relative rib area, $f_{R,min}$	Nominal bar size (mm) 8 to 12	0,040	
	$> 12$	0,056	

Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter

Product description  
Rebars and materials

Annex A 4



## Specifications of intended use

### Anchorage subject to:

- Static and quasi-static load.

### Base materials

- Non-cracked concrete.
- Cracked and non-cracked concrete for threaded rod size M10, M12, M16, M20, M24
- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at maximum according EN 206-1:2000-12.

### Temperature range:

- -40°C to +80°C (max. short. term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C)

### Use conditions (Environmental conditions)

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure including industrial and marine environment, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal condition, with particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistance steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

### Use categories:

- Category 2 – installation in dry or wet concrete or in flooded hole.

### Design:

- The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 “Design of bonded anchors” under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.

### Installation:

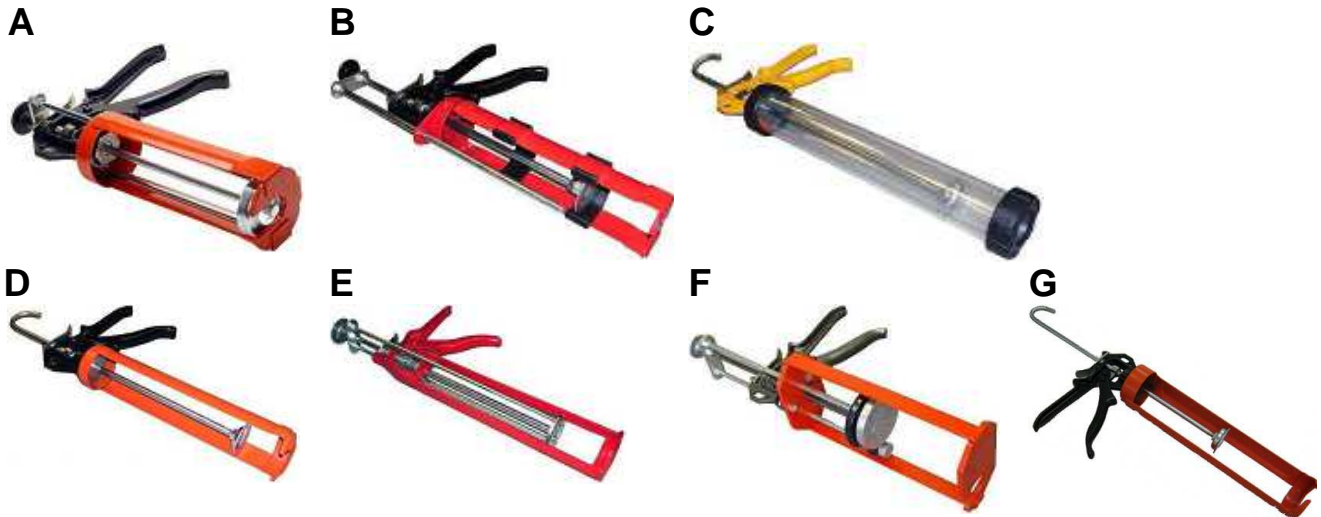
- Dry or wet concrete or flooded hole.
- Hole drilling by rotary drill mode.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Intended use**  
Specifications

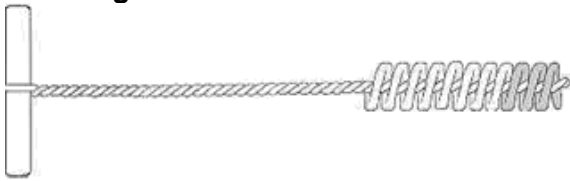
**Annex B 1**

**Applicator gun**



Applicator gun	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Cartridge	Coaxial 380ml 400ml 410ml	Side by side 350ml	Foil capsule 300ml 550ml	Foil capsule 300ml Peeler 280ml	Coaxial 150ml	Side by side 825ml	Foil capsule 850ml

**Cleaning brush**



**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Intended use**  
Applicator guns  
Cleaning brush

**Annex B 2**

## Installation instructions

1. Drill the hole to the correct diameter and depth using a rotary percussion drilling machine.
2. Thoroughly clean the hole in the following sequence using the Profix Brush with the required extensions and a Profix blow pump:

**Blow Clean x2.**

**Brush Clean x2.**

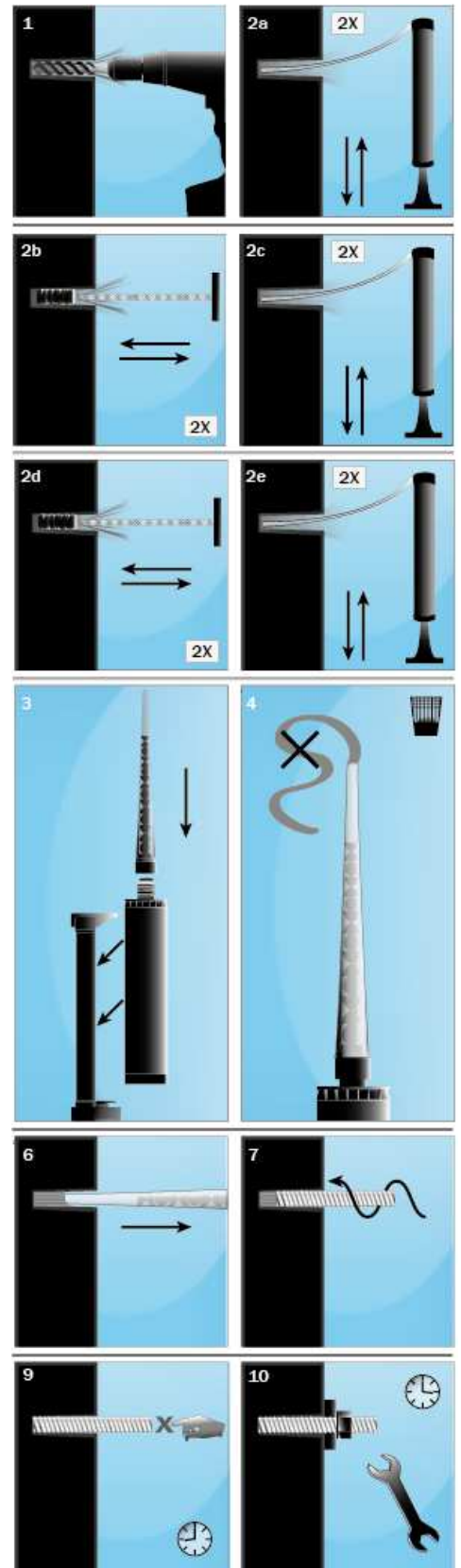
**Blow Clean x2.**

**Brush Clean x2.**

**Blow Clean x2.**

*Remove standing water from the hole prior to cleaning to achieve maximum performance.*

3. Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle for the installation, open the cartridge/cut foil pack and screw nozzle onto the mouth of the cartridge. Insert the cartridge into a good quality applicator (gun).
4. Extrude the first part of the cartridge to waste until an even colour has been achieved without streaking in the resin.
5. If necessary, cut the extension tube to the depth of the hole and push onto the end of the mixer nozzle, and fit the correct resin stopper to the other end.
6. Insert the mixer nozzle (or the extension tube with resin stopper when necessary) to the bottom of the hole. Begin to extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the mixer nozzle from the hole ensuring that there are no air voids as the mixer nozzle is withdrawn. Fill the hole to approximately  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  full and withdraw the nozzle completely.
7. Insert the clean threaded bar, free from oil or other release agents, to the bottom of the hole using a back and forth twisting motion ensuring all the threads are thoroughly coated. Adjust to the correct position within the stated working time.
8. Excess resin will be expelled from the hole evenly around the steel element showing that the hole is full.  
This excess resin should be removed from around the mouth of the hole before it sets.
9. Leave the anchor to cure.  
Do not disturb the anchor until the appropriate loading time has elapsed depending on the substrate conditions and ambient temperature.
10. Attach the fixture and tighten the nut to the recommended torque.  
**Do not overtighten.**



**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Intended use**  
Installation procedure

**Annex B 3**

**Table B1:** Installation parameters of threaded rod

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Nominal drill hole diameter	$\varnothing d_0$	[mm]	10	12	14	18	22	26	30	35
Diameter of cleaning brush	$d_b$	[mm]	14	14	20	20	29	29	40	40
Torque moment	$T_{inst}$	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	150	200	240	275
$h_{ef,min} = 8d$										
Depth of drill hole	$h_0$	[mm]	64	80	96	128	160	192	216	240
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96	110	120
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96	110	120
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$				$h_{ef} + 2d_0$			
$h_{ef,max} = 20d$										
Depth of drill hole	$h_0$	[mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$	[mm]	80	100	120	160	200	240	270	300
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$	[mm]	80	100	120	160	200	240	270	300
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$				$h_{ef} + 2d_0$			

**Table B2:** Installation parameters of rebar

Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32	
Nominal drill hole diameter	$\varnothing d_0$	[mm]	12	14	16	20	25	32	40	
Diameter of cleaning brush	$d_b$	[mm]	14	14	19	22	29	40	42	
$h_{ef,min} = 8d$										
Depth of drill hole	$h_0$	[mm]	64	80	96	128	160	200	256	
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	100	130	
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	100	130	
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$				$h_{ef} + 2d_0$			
$h_{ef,max} = 20d$										
Depth of drill hole	$h_0$	[mm]	160	200	240	320	400	500	640	
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$	[mm]	80	100	120	160	200	250	320	
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$	[mm]	80	100	120	160	200	250	320	
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$				$h_{ef} + 2d_0$			

**Table B3:** Cleaning

All diameters
- 2 x blowing
- 2 x brushing
- 2 x blowing
- 2 x brushing
- 2 x blowing

**Table B4:** Minimum curing time

Profix PIT		
Application temperature	Processing time	Load time
+5 to +10°C	10 mins	145 mins
+10 to +15°C	8 mins	85 mins
+15 to +20°C	6 mins	75 mins
+20 to +25°C	5 mins	50 mins
+25 to +30°C	4 mins	40 mins

Processing time refers to the highest temperature in the range.  
Load time refers to the lowest temperature in the range.  
Cartridge must be conditioned to a minimum +5°C.

Profix PIT-Winter		
Application temperature	Processing time	Load time
-10 to -5°C	50 mins	12 hours
-5 to 0°C	15 mins	100 mins
0 to +5°C	10 mins	75 mins
+5 to +20°C	5 mins	50 mins
+20°C	100 second	20 mins

Processing time refers to the highest temperature in the range.  
Load time refers to the lowest temperature in the range.  
Cartridge must be conditioned to a minimum 0°C.

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Intended use**  
Installation parameters  
Curing time

**Annex B 4**

**Table C1:** Design method TR 029

Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of threaded rod

<b>Steel failure – Characteristic resistance</b>										
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>
Steel grade <b>4.6</b>	$N_{Rk,S}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	2							
Steel grade <b>5.8</b>	$N_{Rk,S}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							
Steel grade <b>8.8</b>	$N_{Rk,S}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							
Steel grade <b>10.9</b>	$N_{Rk,S}$	[kN]	37	58	84	157	245	353	459	561
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,4							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-70</b>	$N_{Rk,S}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,9							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-80</b>	$N_{Rk,S}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,6							
Stainless steel grade <b>1.4529</b>	$N_{Rk,S}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							

<b>Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in non-cracked concrete C20/25</b>											
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>	
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete</b>											
Dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	10	9,5	9,5	9	8,5	8	6,5	5,5	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]	1,8 <sup>2)</sup>						2,1 <sup>3)</sup>		
Flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	8,5	7,5	7	7	6,5	5,5	/		
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]	2,1 <sup>3)</sup>								
Factor for concrete C50/60	$\psi_c$	[-]	1								

<b>Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in cracked concrete C20/25</b>											
<b>Size</b>			<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>				
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete</b>											
Dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4,5	4,5	4,5	4	4				
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]	1,8 <sup>2)</sup>								
Flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4,5	4,5	4,5	4	4				
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]	2,1 <sup>3)</sup>								
Factor for cracked concrete	C30/37	$\psi_c$					1,12				
	C40/50						1,23				
	C50/60						1,30				

<b>Splitting failure</b>										
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>
Edge distance	$C_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	1,5h <sub>ef</sub>							
Spacing	$S_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	3,0h <sub>ef</sub>							
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$	[-]	1,8							

- <sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations  
<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,2$  is included  
<sup>3)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,4$  is included

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to TR 029  
 Characteristic resistance for tension loads - threaded rod

**Annex C 1**

**Table C2: Design method TR 029**  
Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of rebar

<b>Steel failure – Characteristic resistance</b>									
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Rebar BSt 500 S	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	28	43	62	111	173	270	442
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,4						

<b>Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in non-cracked concrete C20/25</b>											
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32		
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete</b>											
<b>Dry and wet concrete</b>			$\tau_{RK}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	11	9,5	9,5	9	8,5	8,5	5,5
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,8 <sup>2)</sup>								
<b>Flooded hole</b>			$\tau_{RK}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	11	9,5	9,5	9	8,5	8,5	5,5
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	2,1 <sup>3)</sup>								
Factor for concrete C50/60	$\psi_c$	[-]	1								

<b>Splitting failure</b>									
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	1,5 $h_{ef}$						
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	3,0 $h_{ef}$						
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Msp}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,8						

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations

<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,2$  is included

<sup>3)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,4$  is included

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to TR 029

Characteristic resistance for tension loads - rebar

**Annex C 2**

**Table C3:** Design method TR 029  
Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of threaded rod

<b>Steel failure without lever arm</b>										
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel grade 4.6	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	7	12	17	31	49	71	92	112
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,67							
Steel grade 5.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade 8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade 10.9	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							
Stainless steel grade A4-70	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	161	196
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,56							
Stainless steel grade A4-80	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,33							
Stainless steel grade 1.4529	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	161	196
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							

<b>Steel failure with lever arm</b>										
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel grade 4.6	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	15	30	52	133	260	449	666	900
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,67							
Steel grade 5.8	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	19	37	66	166	325	561	832	1125
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade 8.8	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade 10.9	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	37	75	131	333	649	1123	1664	2249
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,50							
Stainless steel grade A4-70	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,56							
Stainless steel grade A4-80	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,33							
Stainless steel grade 1.4529	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
<b>Concrete pryout failure</b>										
Factor $k$ from TR 029			2							
Design of bonded anchors, Part 5.2.3.3			2							
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mp}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							

<b>Concrete edge failure</b>										
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the Design of Bonded Anchors										
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to TR 029  
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - threaded rod

**Annex C 3**

**Table C4:** Design method TR 029  
Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of rebar

<b>Steel failure without lever arm</b>										
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32	
Rebar BSt 500 S	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	14	22	31	55	86	135	221	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5							

<b>Steel failure with lever arm</b>										
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32	
Rebar BSt 500 S	$M_{Rk,s}^o$	[N.m]	33	65	112	265	518	1013	2122	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5							

<b>Concrete pryout failure</b>										
Factor <i>k</i> from TR 029			2							
Design of bonded anchors, Part 5.2.3.3										
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mp}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5							

<b>Concrete edge failure</b>										
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32	
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the Design of Bonded Anchors										
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5							

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to TR 029  
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - rebar

**Annex C 4**



**Table C5:** Design method CEN/TS 1992-4

Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of threaded rod

<b>Steel failure – Characteristic resistance</b>										
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>
Steel grade <b>4.6</b>	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	2							
Steel grade <b>5.8</b>	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5							
Steel grade <b>8.8</b>	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5							
Steel grade <b>10.9</b>	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	37	58	84	157	245	353	459	561
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,4							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-70</b>	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,9							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-80</b>	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,6							
Stainless steel grade <b>1.4529</b>	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5							

<b>Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in non-cracked concrete C20/25</b>											
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>	
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete</b>											
Dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	10	9,5	9,5	9	8,5	8	6,5	5,5	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,8 <sup>2)</sup>							2,1 <sup>3)</sup>	
Flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	8,5	7,5	7	7	6,5	5,5			
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	2,1 <sup>3)</sup>								
Factor for concrete C50/60	$\psi_c$	[-]	1								
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.2	$k_8$		10,1								

<b>Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in cracked concrete C20/25</b>								
<b>Size</b>			<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete</b>								
Dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4,5	4,5	4,5	4	4	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,8 <sup>2)</sup>					
Flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4,5	4,5	4,5	4	4	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	2,1 <sup>3)</sup>					
Factor for cracked concrete	$\psi_c$	[-]	1,12				1,23	
			1,23				1,30	
			1,30				7,2	
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.2	$k_8$		7,2					

<b>Concrete cone failure</b>										
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.3			$\frac{k_{ucr}}{k_{cr}}$				10,1			
							7,2			
Edge distance	$C_{cr,N}$	[mm]					1,5h <sub>ef</sub>			
Spacing	$S_{cr,N}$	[mm]					3,0h <sub>ef</sub>			
<b>Splitting failure</b>										
Edge distance	$C_{cr,sp}$	[mm]					1,5h <sub>ef</sub>			
Spacing	$S_{cr,sp}$	[mm]					3,0h <sub>ef</sub>			
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Msp}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,8							

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations

<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,2$  is included

<sup>3)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,4$  is included

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4

Characteristic resistance for tension loads - threaded rod

**Annex C 5**

**Table C6:** Design method CEN/TS 1992-4  
Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of rebar

<b>Steel failure – Characteristic resistance</b>									
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Rebar BSt 500 S	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	28	43	62	111	173	270	442
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,4						
<b>Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in non-cracked concrete C20/25</b>									
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete</b>									
<b>Dry and wet concrete</b>	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	11	9,5	9,5	9	8,5	8,5	5,5
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,8 <sup>2)</sup>						
<b>Flooded hole</b>	$\tau_{Rk}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	11	9,5	9,5	9	8,5	8,5	5,5
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	2,1 <sup>3)</sup>						
Factor for concrete C50/60	$\psi_c$	[-]	1						
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.2	$k_8$		10,1						
<b>Concrete cone failure</b>									
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.3	$k_{ucr}$		10,1						
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5h <sub>ef</sub>						
Spacing	$s_{cr,N}$	[mm]	3,0h <sub>ef</sub>						
<b>Splitting failure</b>									
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	1,5h <sub>ef</sub>						
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	3,0h <sub>ef</sub>						
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Msp}$ <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,8						

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations

<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,2$  is included

<sup>3)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2=1,4$  is included

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4  
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - rebar

**Annex C 6**

**Table C7:** Design method CEN/TS 1992-4

Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of threaded rod

<b>Steel failure without lever arm</b>										
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>
Steel grade <b>4.6</b>	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	7	12	17	31	49	71	92	112
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,67							
Steel grade <b>5.8</b>	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade <b>8.8</b>	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade <b>10.9</b>	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-70</b>	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	161	196
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,56							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-80</b>	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,33							
Stainless steel grade <b>1.4529</b>	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	161	196
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1	$k_2$		0,8							

<b>Steel failure with lever arm</b>										
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>
Steel grade <b>4.6</b>	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	15	30	52	133	260	449	666	900
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,67							
Steel grade <b>5.8</b>	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	19	37	66	166	325	561	832	1125
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade <b>8.8</b>	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade <b>10.9</b>	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	37	75	131	333	649	1123	1664	2249
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,50							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-70</b>	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,56							
Stainless steel grade <b>A4-80</b>	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,33							
Stainless steel grade <b>1.4529</b>	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$	[-]	1,25							
<b>Concrete pryout failure</b>										
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3	$k_3$		2,0							
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mp}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							

<b>Concrete edge failure</b>										
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>M30</b>
See section 6.3.4 of CEN/TS 1992-4-5										
Effective length of anchor	$l_f$	[mm]	$l_f = \min(h_{ef}; 8 d_{nom})$							
Outside diameter of anchor	$d_{nom}$	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]	1,5							

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4  
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - threaded rod

**Annex C 7**

**Table C8:** Design method CEN/TS 1992-4  
Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of rebar

Steel failure without lever arm										
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32	
Rebar BSt 500 S	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	14	22	31	55	86	135	221	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,5							
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1		$k_2$	0,8							
Steel failure with lever arm										
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32	
Rebar BSt 500 S	$M_{Rk,s}^o$	[N.m]	33	65	112	265	518	1013	2122	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,5							
Concrete pryout failure										
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3		$k_3$	2,0							
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mp}$	[-]	1,5							
Concrete edge failure										
Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32	
See section 6.3.4 of CEN/TS 1992-4-5										
Effective length of anchor	$l_f$	[mm]	$l_f = \min(h_{ef}; 8 d_{nom})$							
Outside diameter of anchor	$d_{nom}$	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	30	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$	[-]	1,5							

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**

Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4  
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - rebar

**Annex C 8**

**Table C9:** Displacement of threaded rod under tension and shear load

Anchor size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Non-cracked concrete										
Tension load	F	[kN]	6,3	7,9	11,9	15,9	23,8	29,8	37,7	45,6
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm]	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,5
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm]	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
Shear load	F	[kN]	3,1	5,0	7,2	13,5	21,0	30,3	39,4	48,0
Displacement	$\delta_{V0}$	[mm]	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	2,0	2,5	2,5	2,5
	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm]	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	3,0	3,8	3,8	3,8
Cracked concrete										
Tension load	F	[kN]		5,1	7,4	13,1	20,5	24,6		
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm]		0,4	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,6		

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**  
Displacement for threaded rod

**Annex C 9**

**Table C10:** Displacement of rebar under tension and shear load

Rebar size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Non-cracked concrete									
Tension load	F	[kN]	7,9	9,9	13,9	23,8	29,8	55,6	55,6
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm]	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,5
		$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm]	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
Shear load	F	[kN]	5,9	9,3	13,3	23,7	37,0	57,9	94,8
Displacement	$\delta_{V0}$	[mm]	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,9
		$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm]	0,5	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,8

**Profix PIT, Profix PIT-Winter**

**Performances**  
Displacement for rebar

**Annex C 10**